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SUMMONS ISSUED

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

KATHLEEN A. ANGELELLA on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated consumers

Plaintiff,

-against-

REVENUE ASSISTANCE CORPORATION D/B/A REVENUE GROUP

Defendant.



CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Introduction

1. Plaintiff Kathleen A. Angelella seeks redress for the illegal practices of Revenue Assistance Corporation d/b/a Revenue Group in which it unlawfully engaged in the collection of consumer debts in violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. ("FDCPA").

Parties

- 2. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of New York who resides within this District.
- 3. Plaintiff is a consumer as that term is defined by Section 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(3) of the FDCPA.
- 4. The alleged debt that Defendant sought to collect from the Plaintiff involves a consumer debt.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant's principal place of business is located within Beachwood, Ohio.

- 6. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.
- 7. Defendant is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6).

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 8. This Court has federal question jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 9. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the acts and transactions that give rise to this action occurred, in substantial part, within this district.

Allegations Particular to Kathleen A. Angelella

- 10. Upon information and belief, on a date better known by Defendant, Defendant began to attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
- 11. On or about June 3, 2013, Defendant sent the Plaintiff a collection letter seeking to collect a balance allegedly incurred for personal purposes.
- 12. Said letter states in pertinent part as follows: "All credit card and check by phone payments are subject to a \$4.95 convenience fee."
- 13. The notification and collection of the \$4.95 convenience fee is unlawful.

 See e.g. Shami v. National Enter. Sys., 2010 WL 3824151 (E.D.N.Y. Sept.23, 2010)

 (The court concluded that the complaint sufficiently pleaded a cause of action for violation of §§ 1692f(1) and 1692e(2). The complaint involved a collection letter including the language "you can now pay by automated phone system . . . or on the internet. Transaction fees will be charged if you use the automated phone system or the internet to make payment on this account. You are not required to use the automated

phone system or the internet to make payment on this account."), McCutcheon v. Finkelstein, Kern, Steinberg & Cunningham, 2012 WL 266893 (M.D. Tenn. Jan.30, 2012). (The plaintiff stated a viable FDCPA claim by alleging that the defendant collected or attempted to collect a \$4.24 payment processing fee not expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt.)

14. Defendant's convenience fee demand is in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e(2) and 1692f(1) for engaging in deceptive practices, by making a false representation that it was entitled to receive compensation for payment by credit card, or by collecting an amount that was not authorized by contract or permitted by law.

AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act brought by Plaintiff on behalf of herself and the members of a class, as against the Defendant.

- 15. Plaintiff re-states, re-alleges, and incorporates herein by reference, paragraphs one (1) through fourteen (14) as if set forth fully in this cause of action.
- 16. This cause of action is brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of a class.
- 17. The class consists of all persons whom Defendant's records reflect resided in the State of New York and who were sent a collection letter; (a) bearing the Defendant's letterhead in substantially the same form as the letter sent to the Plaintiff on or about June 3, 2013, sent within one year prior to the date of the within complaint (b) the collection letter was sent to a consumer seeking payment of a consumer debt purportedly owed to Key Bank National Association; and (c) the collection letter was not returned by the postal service as undelivered; (d) and the Plaintiff asserts that the letter contained violations of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e(2) and 1692f(1) for making a false representation that it was entitled to receive compensation for payment by credit card.

- 18. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, a class action is appropriate and preferable in this case because:
 - (a) Based on the fact that a form collection letter is at the heart of this litigation, the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
 - (b) There are questions of law and fact common to the class and these questions predominate over any question(s) affecting only individual class members. The principal question presented by this claim is whether the Defendant violated the FDCPA.
 - (c) The only individual issue involves the identification of the consumers who received such collection letters (*i.e.* the class members). This is purely a matter capable of ministerial determination from the records of the Defendant.
 - (d) The claims of the Plaintiff are typical of those of the class members. All of the respective class claims are based on substantially similar facts and legal theories.
 - (e) The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the class members' interests. The Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in bringing class actions and collection abuse claims. The Plaintiff's interests are consistent with those of the members of the class.
- 19. A class action is superior for the fair and efficient adjudication of the class members' claims. Congress specifically envisions class actions as a principal means of enforcing the FDCPA. 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k). The members of the class are generally unsophisticated individuals, whose rights will not be vindicated in the absence of a class action. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the classes would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications resulting in the establishment of

- inconsistent or varying standards for the parties and would not be in the interest of judicial economy.
- 20. If the facts are discovered to be appropriate, the Plaintiff will seek to certify a class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 21. Collection attempts, such as those made by the Defendant are to be evaluated by the objective standard of the hypothetical "least sophisticated consumer."

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

- 22. The Defendant's actions as set forth above in the within complaint violates the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.
- 23. Because the Defendant violated of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Plaintiff and the members of the class are entitled to damages in accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, respectfully requests preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, and that this Court enter judgment in her favor and against the Defendant and award damages as follows:

- (a) Statutory and actual damages provided under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k);

 And
- (b) Attorney fees, litigation expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action; and
- (c) Any other relief that this Court deems appropriate and just under the circumstances.

Dated: Cedarhurst, New York

August 14, 2013

Adam J. Fishbein, P.C. (AF-9508)

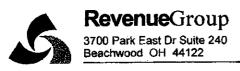
Attorney At Law

Attorney for the Plaintiff

483 Chestnut Street Cedarhurst, New York 11516 Telephone (516) 791-4400 Facsimile (516) 791-4411

Plaintiff requests trial by jury on all issues so triable

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COLLECTION NOTICE

Reference Creditor	Account Numb	Spryice Date	Balance
42608714 KEY BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	368157	05/24/2004	\$13139.35

The above-referenced account has been referred for collection. Our client considers this account seriously past due and has instructed us to bring your account to its earliest possible conclusion.

Send payment in full by return mail or contact his office to make reasonable arrangements to finalize your account.

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

All credit card and check by phone payments are subject to a \$4.95 convenience fee.

Sincerely,

EDWARD MARTIN

This is an attempt to collect a debt. Any information obtained will be used for that purpose. This communication is from a debt collector.

PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Detach Lower Portion and Return with Payment

IONCAPI013532

Toll Free: 800-886-5904 Fax: (216) 763-2152

3700 Park East Dr Suite 240 Beachwood OH 44122-4343 ADDRESS SERVICE REQUESTED Reference #: 42608714

Amount: \$13139.35

June 3, 2013

REVENUE GROUP
3700 Park East Dr Suite 240
Beachwood OH 44122-4343

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DEBT

We are required under certain applicable laws to notify consumers of the following rights. This list does not contain a complete list of the rights consumers have under federal and state law.

The state of California requires that we disclose the following for California residents:

The state Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act and the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act require that, except under unusual circumstances, collectors may not contact you before 8a.m. or after 9p.m. They may not harass you by using threats of violence or arrest or by using obscene language. Collectors may not use false or misleading statements or call you at work if they know or have reason to know that you may not receive personal calls at work. For the most part, collectors may not tell another person, other than your attorney or spouse, about your debt. Collectors may contact another person to confirm your location or enforce a judgment. For more information about debt collection activities, you may contact the Federal Trade Commission at 1-877-FTC-HELP or www.ftc.gov.

The state of Colorado requires that we disclose the following for Colorado residents:

A consumer has the right to request in writing that a debt collector or collection agency cease further communication with the consumer. A written request to cease communication will not prohibit the debt collector or collection agency from taking any other action authorized by law to collect the debt. FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE COLORADO FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT, SEE <a href="https://www.colorado.org/w

The state of Maine requires that we disclose the following for Maine residents:

Hours of operation: Monday thru Thursday 8:00a.m. - 8:00p.m. Friday 8:00a.m. - 5:00p.m.

The city of New York requires that we disclose the following for New York City residents:

New York City Department of Consumer Affairs License Number 1143644

If you are entitled to the protections of the United States Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C 362;524) regarding the subject matter of this communication, the following applies to you: THIS COMMUNICATION IS NOT AN ATTEMPT TO COLLECT, ASSESS, OR RECOVER A CLAIM IN VIOLATION OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.

The state of Minnesota requires that we disclose the following for Minnesota residents:

This collection agency is licensed by the Minnesota Department of Commerce.